After our biscuit-themed Science Week, July 2022, 2 children from each year group were selected for a pupil voice.

Science Week - Biscuits

Willington Primary School
Together everyone achieves more

I thought the rich teas would fall apart easier because they're more plain.

We learnt cheap cookies are the most durable.

We learnt that the higher the temperature the more the biscuits drop off.

hardest biscuit to dunk and break off is the chocolate oatie biscuit. It took over a 100

dunks to break off.

That in cold water the

For ours the M&S chocolate chunk biscuits were the worst...they were the most expensive biscuit!

Did anything surprise you?

What did you learn?

The slowest biscuit to break in the tea was actually the rich tea cos that had the less amount of sugar than the others.

I also found out that there's a lot more jobs than you think of that makes cookies...taste testers, mechanics if the machines go wrong, flavour designers, biscuit designers and there could be designers for the packaging and people packing them.

Brilliant!

Awesome!

I noticed that the cheaper the cookies are, the more it will hold.

Interesting!

What did you think of Science Week?

feel like I got a bit better at theorising because we would have to look at a question and put the factors in order of how important they were and it turned out the most important was the cost.

Amazing!

We could have a science week about space.

I'd love to investigate chocolate next.

Reception started by reading the story The Gingerbread Man. Children were asked what might happen if he fell in the water.

He might The sugar might come

He might melt.

He might go soggy.

He wasn't

crunchy.

off.

The children decided to test by placing the gingerbread men in water.

He got soggy. He broke.

He went soft and wasn't hard.

He didn't snap any more.

Reception

They then decided to explore whether all biscuits react the same way in water.

Children made simple predictions...

The chocolate might come off.



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It's chocolate. It might not break, it has a cover.

It might still go soggy.

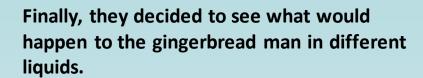
They found out that biscuits with cream lasted the longest in water.

The cream stayed. Maybe because it's hard.

It feels soft where it's in the water..

The chocolate has stayed. It didn't melt.

It's still hard!



Reception





They tried milk, oil and water again.

The oil might not work because it's thicker.

It (milk) might make the biscuit harder.

What did they find out?

It melted the most in the water, it's soft and soggy.

It stayed a bit hard in the bowl with milk. It just broke a bit.

The oil one stayed hard. It still snapped. It was crunchy.



The gingerbread man stayed in oil, but wouldn't have tasted nice.

Year 1 started by reading the story The Gingerbread Man.





We observed and talked about what happened when the Gingerbread Man got wet.









We planned to leave it and observe at 1 minute, 2 minutes and 3 minutes but the Gingerbread completely disintegrated arounded 1 minute.



We set it up again and observed closely, making note at 10 seconds, 30 seconds and 1 minute. We tried less water.



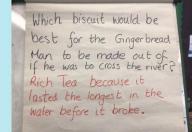
They then moved on to test other biscuits using a simple dunking test.





We compared with cold water to see if it mattered. There wasnt a noticeable difference.



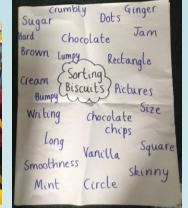


Most children discovered Rich Tea lasted the longest. some found Custard Creams.

Year 2 started by using their senses to explore a range of different biscuits. They found different

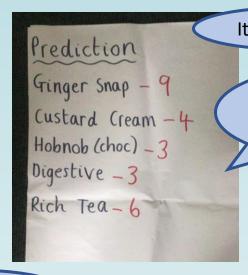
ways to sort the biscuits.





Which biscuit will be the best to dunk into a cup of tea?

Children talked about how to find the answer to their question and made predictions.



It felt strong.

I tried to snap it and it didn't snap.



I tapped it on the bowl and it didn't break.

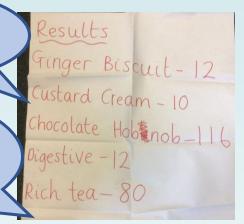
Rich tea. It has tea in the name.

It felt strong and big.



All biscuits didn't break at the same time.

What surprised me was the one that got up to 10 just broke up in seconds...it would have been the custard cream.





Does the thickness of a biscuit affect how many times it can be dunked before it Science week: Do thicker biscuits make better dunkers?



Year 3 received a letter from Kevin from the story Kevin and the Biscuit Bandit. He asked them to help him.



Our rich tea lasted the longest.

breaks? Yes because the thick biscuits take

First, Year 3 looked at ways to sort the biscuits.





If they have more quicker and if they have less sugar they will stay longer.

sugar, they drop off

much longer to sall apart. Time dunked before falling apart 01:36:00 01:5250 Rich Tea shocolate this control 139 6.36.20 Bourbon 02:14.38 00:52.76 218.71

The children then set to with their investigation. They used iPads to time how long they were able to dunk the biscuit before it fell apart.





Lounty Durham 13.727 Dear Kevin, You are you? Thank you for your letter. We think we have solved your problem. buscuits of different thickness. We discovered that the Rich Tea lasted of 141.75 before it sell into the cup of warm water he think this happened because the Rich Lea had the least amount os sugar this means that less of the bisquits dissolved be hope we have helped you!

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The children wrote back to Kevin to tell him what they found out.

How does the temperature of the drink affect a dunking biscuit?





Each group tested 4

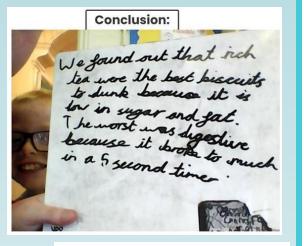
different

temperatures of tea.

Year 4 learned how to use the digital thermometers to measure the temperature of each cup of tea.







Conclusion:

The hot drinks were worst for dunking.



They recorded the number of dunks before the biscuit broke.

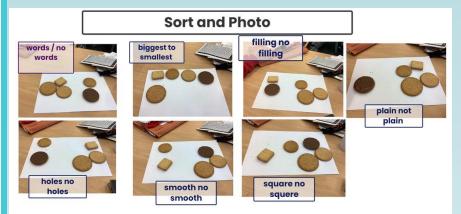
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girger nut		3		_	2		2		10
ruch leader		7			3		5	-	35
ous) digestive_		3	Λ.		2		7	-	2
gustant creme	-			-					
1 - Key									
I - broken	-								
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3 = Sim									

Hot drinks melt the sugar quicker. We were looking at whether temperature would affect biscuits when they are dunked in a cup of tea. We dunked the same biscuits in four different temperatures of tea: 20 degrees, 40 degrees, 60 degrees and 80 degrees. We also observed the changes. All together, we found out that the digestives are the worst for dunking because it snapped in half at 60 and 80 degrees. Rich teas were the best for dunking because they are low on sugar and fat, this is because sugar dissolves in liquid easily. My prediction was correct because I thought that digestives were the worst for dunking from my experience.



What factors make a biscuit great for dunking?





Children started by exploring the factors that may affect how well a biscuit dunks. They sorted their biscuits using these different factors.

We will keep these variables the same:

water

temperature (tap)

Length of each dunk Amount of biscuit

dunked (50)

Same container Water

we will change: The amout of water The type of Same tupe of liqud

biscuit.

This is the variable

They planned a fair test, deciding on their own dunking test.

The best biscuit for dunking will be the chocolate oatie. I think this because it's got chocolate on the top and the chocolate won't weaken to let the biscuit go soggy.

The best biscuit for dunking will be the ginger nut. I think this because it is harder than the other biscuits.

The hardest biscuit to dunk was the chocolate oatie. It took over 100 dunks.

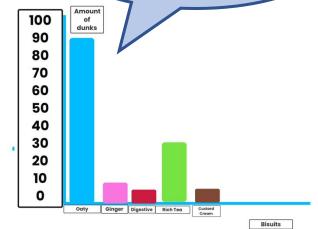






Results:

Biscuit	Numbers of dunk		
Oaty	90		
Ginger	9		
Digestive	5		
Rich Tea	30		
Custard	5		



Are more expensive biscuits better for dunking?



After being posed the question, children discussed how we could determine this. They decided on their own criteria to explore.

Type of bisaint

1) chocolate

1) chocolate

1) throw trumbly

2) Burger

2) Nulty

3) Crocolate

4) M&S all butter double docodate drunk

1) Loyers

1) Sweets

1) S

Children then worked in groups to plan their own investigations, recognising which variables

to control.



Groups decided on their own dunking test and what data to collect.

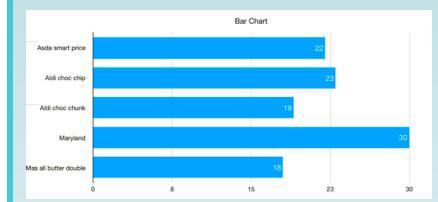


туре от візсиіт	Digestine	Tesco willy	MadS de	Markies	485 coatos
Price	55 P	60P	900	€1.85	€2.10
Thickness	0.5cm	O.B cm	0.3cm	0.3cm	0.4 cm
quantity of sugar per 100g	79.2	24.5	30.49	78.5g	32.2
quantity of fat per 100g	23.4	23.6	25- 2	2364	27.4
Number of layers	2	2	2	2992	3
size/shape	Ocircle	eircle	circle	circle	einele
number of "dunks" before breakage	17	38	30	20	22.

I also found out that there's a lot more jobs than you think of that makes cookies...taste testers, mechanics if the machines go wrong, flavour designers, biscuit designers and there could be designers for the packaging and people packing them.

Are more expensive discuits more durable in warm liquid							
Type of biscuit	Number of dunks until it crumbles	Price	Quantity of sugar per 100g	Quantity of fat per 100g	Thickness		
Asda smart price	22	39p	23g	24g	0.3cm		
Aldi choc chip	23	41p	64g	24g	Zero . Two		
Aldi choc chunk	19	85p	33g	23g	1cm		
Maryland	30	One pound thirty five pence	20g	22g	0.2cm		
Mas all butter double	18	One pound eighty five pence	67g	25g	0.6cm		

Column Chart



We learnt the cheap cookies were the most durable ones.

Children then used computers to represent their findings and draw their own conclusions.

In conclusion we found out that the price did not impact the durability of the biscuit. We know this because: the Tesco digestive, one of the cheapest was only 60p and the hardest to break. We also found out that biscuits with the most sugar breaks the easiest and the biscuit with the less sugar is the hardest to break. The Aldi digestive took 17 dunks, the M&S biscuit

The Aldi digestive took 17 dunks, the M&S biscuit took 30 dunks, the McVities took 20 dunks, M&S took 22 and last but not least took 38 dunks meaning

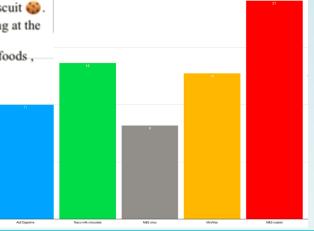
the Tesco milk chocolate was the winning biscuit .

We chose a bar chart because we were looking at the categories and type of biscuit.

In further experiments I would test different foods, temperatures and liquids.



We found that the more sugar in your cookie, the worse it would be for dunking.



Dr Lorraine Coghill

We were lucky enough to have Dr Lorraine Coghill in school for the day. She worked with children in Years 1 – 4 carrying out some fun food-based since experiments.



It's translucent...so when it's translucent only a bit of the light goes through.



It's taking longer to go down. It's thicker.

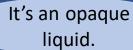


It's got smoother.



It's turning into syrup getting runnier and runnier.

It might change texture...it might get softer.

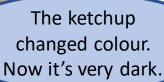




It's gooey...it doesn't move. It only moves slowly.



It dissolved.





The outside is going white. The colour went in the water. .



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Dr Lorraine Coghill also talked about the role of science in some areas of food e.g. designing flavours for crisps and ice cream.





It's turning into syrup getting runnier and runnier.





It's gooey...it doesn't move. It only moves slowly.